GOD CALLS PEOPLE TO **BAND PLANNING GUIDE**



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This planning guide is a part of LIFE, a Christian Studies curriculum developed for Lutheran schools.

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God calls people to serve is one of twelve concepts covered by LIFE curriculum.

This BAND B planning guide contains model units for three middle primary school year levels.

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GOD CALLS PEOPLE TO SERVE

AIMS

The ultimate aim of LIFE curriculum is that

- students will come to know God as Father, Son and Holy Spirit
- students will have faith in God as their Father, Saviour, and Helper.

We understand that faith is entirely a gift of the Holy Spirit.

We teach in obedience to Jesus' command to go and teach.

How can people have faith in the Lord and ask him to save them. if they have never heard about him? And how can they hear, unless someone tells them? Romans 10:14 (CEV)

GOD CALLS PEOPLE TO SERVE

As Christians we believe this and are compelled to tell others.

Our aim in teaching this concept is that students

- hear,
- explore and
- reflect on

these faith statements:

- 1. God's love inspires and equips Christians to love and serve others
- 2. God calls all people to work for peace and justice
- 3. God calls Christians to share the Good News by words and actions

BACKGROUND NOTES FOR TEACHERS

GOD CALLS PEOPLE TO SERVE

God calls us and all people to serve at various levels and in various ways: by helping individuals, families, and people in our various communities (school, church, regional, national, world). We are to serve unselfishly and without thought of reward. This goes against our natural self-centredness which asks 'What's in it for me?', and looks for recognition from God and/or other people.

It is true that we don't have to be Christians to be able to do good things for other people. If we wanted to, we could train students to perform acts of service without any reference to the gospel of Christ. We could condition

them to serve simply by telling them this is what they ought to do, by rewarding acts of kindness and showing disapproval of selfishness. However, our teaching about serving would then be legalistic moralising, little different from the teaching students might get in non-Christian schools.

God calls us to walk with him in the way of love and service . . . There are many people in the world whose lives have been wrecked by brokenness of many kinds. Disciples love them, stand beside them and bring the healing and help of Jesus into their lives and work for justice in society.

(Theological Foundations of LIFE Curriculum)

SERVE IN OUR CALLING Christians serve by attempting to meet the needs of others (eg the poor, sick, disadvantaged and oppressed) in their local and wider communities. This includes sacrificial giving, personal involvement in charitable work, and working with others in the churches and community to change factors which contribute towards the misery of others.

God's love inspires Christians to serve others also in their daily calling, for example as parents, children, teachers, students. 'Christians view their calling, their job, their occupation as the chief way in which they can

serve, help and benefit their fellows' (H Hamann, On Being a Christian p 61). It is not too early to teach students this view of their future occupations.

Even the smallest and 'lowliest' act of service that is done in faith is acknowledged by God. In the parable of the last judgment the king says:

'Whenever you did it [gave food, drink or clothing, welcomed strangers etc] for any of my people, no matter how unimportant they seemed, you did it for me' (Matthew 25:40; see also 10:42).

PEACE AND JUSTICE We can serve other people by striving to establish and maintain peace and justice for all. Peace (shalom) does not mean only the absence of war; it also means wholeness and wellbeing. Justice includes upholding the rights of every individual person. Christians' motivation in striving for peace and justice flows from the gospel, which proclaims Jesus as the one who has brought peace and righteousness into our broken world. He is the 'Prince of Peace' (Isaiah 9:6) through whom we are reconciled to God and to one another.

We don't have to be Christians to be concerned about peace and justice, and being concerned about these things certainly doesn't make us Christian. But the very fact that we are God's people in the world means that we can and should take the lead in serving the

Christian service flows from a person's relationship with Christ. For our sake Jesus 'made himself nothing, taking the very nature of a servant' (Philippians 2:7). He 'did not come to be served, but to serve and to give his life a ransom for many'. In his kingdom the servant is greatest (Mark 10:35–45; John 13:1–17).

By giving himself for us in humble service, Christ has set us free from the slavery of selfishness so that we can serve God and other people in self-giving love (agape). By means of the gospel the Holy Spirit transforms us, giving us a new heart and a right spirit, so that we can truly love God and our neighbour. As Jesus said, 'a good tree produces good fruit' (Matthew 7:17); the branches are fruitful because they grow from the vine (John 15:1–5). We are not saved **by** good works, but we are saved **for** good works (Ephesians 2:9,10).

Christian service is an expression of the selfgiving love which we have experienced from God and which God has 'poured' into our hearts (Romans 5:5). 'We love because God loved us first' (1 John 4:19). world in this way. The Bible says: 'Speak up for those who cannot speak for themselves, for the rights of all who are destitute. Speak up and judge fairly; defend the rights of the poor and needy' (Proverbs 31:8,9 NIV).

As Christians we are God's gifts to the world because we have been entrusted with the gospel. This is the power that can change human nature, so that peace, reconciliation and justice become realities.

GOD'S SPECIAL AGENTS The Bible encourages Christians to see themselves as God's servants who are sent to serve the world for God. They are to bring God's kingdom — God's loving rule — to people by their words and deeds.

Already in the Old Testament God's people were supposed to see themselves as his agents or representatives in the world. By what they said and what they did as God's chosen people they were to present God to the world (eg: 'I will . . . make you a light for the Gentiles, that you may bring my salvation to the ends of the earth'. Isaiah 49:6). Prophets had a special role as God's spokespersons to tell their own and other nations God's warnings and promises.

In the New Testament Jesus sent his disciples out as his 'special agents', giving them 'power and authority' to preach the gospel, heal the sick, and drive out demons in his name (Luke 9:1-6; 10:1-16). Later he told them to go to 'all nations' (Luke 24:47; Matthew 28:19,20). They were to be his 'witnesses' (Acts 1:8), who would tell the world what they had seen and heard. They were 'apostles' — people who were sent out, commissioned to speak and act for God (eg Mark 3:14). They were 'evangelists' — people who had good news to tell. Paul spoke of himself and other Christians as 'Christ's ambassadors' (2 Corinthians 5:20) to whom God had given 'the ministry of reconciliation'. They were people on a mission, sent to carry on Jesus' peace mission (John 20:21).

All Christians are witnesses who are called to testify of God's love (1 Peter 2:9). They do this individually and corporately (eg as a congregation or school) when they tell other people the good news about Jesus. But the loving and serving lives of Christians — their response to the gospel of Jesus Christ, are also a powerful witness (Matthew 5:13–16).

FOR REFLECTION AND/OR DISCUSSION

- 1. What questions do the *Background Notes* raise for you? What questions do you think your students will have on this topic?
- 2. Why is this an important topic to teach to your students? What implications might the topic have for the life of your school?
- 3. Students sometimes say: Why should we help people who are poor? It usually is their own fault; either they are lazy or they have not used their resources and opportunities wisely. How would you respond to this?
- 4. 'The church should concentrate on preaching the gospel and leave issues such as reconciliation to secular bodies.' Comment. Discuss to what extent, if any, the church should be involved in social justice issues.
- 5. Explore the concept of your school as an 'embassy' for Christ in your community.

FOR FURTHER READING

Explanations of the Ten Commandments in Luther's Small and Large Catechisms

Formula of Concord, Article IV: Good works (*Book of Concord* pp 551–558). See also Friedemann Hebart's commentary on this in *One in the Gospel* (chapter 6: *Fruits on a Good Tree*).

On Being a Christian, H Hamann, Lutheran Publishing House, pp 58–63: Freed to love others; Freed in our view of work.

Good Question, ed Brian Schwarz, Openbook Publishers: *Poverty, Social Justice.*

Statement on Poverty LCA Commission on Social Questions (includes discussion questions)

Human Rights Doctrinal Statements of LCA (Vol 2)

The Servant Congregation by Ian Rentsch (available through National Schools Office)

BAND B STUDENTS

Students can sometimes view Christian service as doing 'good' things which make people acceptable to God. When teaching the concept *God calls people to serve*, the focus must always be that Christian service is a response to the love Jesus has shown for all people.

Student attitudes to service may have been shaped by family models. Some students may not have experienced positive models of love and service, and may find it very difficult to relate to the whole concept of loving and serving.

The concept *God calls people to serve* provides an ideal opportunity for teachers to witness personally to the students in words and actions. Help students to understand that the things that Christians do and say are a witness to others.

DEVELOPMENTAL CHARACTERISTICS

Students have an intense desire for justice. They are particularly concerned about personal justice.

Students are developing their ability to evaluate their own and others' behaviour.

Students are accustomed to thinking and reasoning in concrete terms but are moving towards more abstract thinking.

Students have a great amount of energy, and enjoy being physically involved in tasks.

Students are becoming more independent and determined to master facts and information about the world.

IMPLICATIONS FOR TEACHING

Assist students to identify situations of injustice. Investigate ways of working for justice and to care for those people suffering injustice.

Explore the possibilities of and need for forgiveness where injustices have been experienced.



Involve students in conflict resolution.
Students role-play possible solutions to conflict situations. Develop class guidelines.

Involve students in identifying practical ways of loving and serving.



Assist students to appreciate the motivation and commitment which underlies Christian service.



Provide opportunities for students to demonstrate practical ways of serving.

Encourage students to use role-play and dramatisation as a response to stories or situations.



Involve students in making arrangements for guest speakers to visit the class and for participation in serving projects.

Direct their interests to researching ways people serve and have served others.

NOTES